ZIEHL IX

Beschleunigung. Effizienz. Nachhaltigkeit: Supraleiter

ZIEHL X Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

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Introduction





DC Overlay Grid / Substations





Substation System Optimisations



High Temperature Superconducting Fault Current Limiter





Decarbonization / Circularity





10.04.2024





Energy transition – What does this mean for TenneT?



The goal:

Climate neutrality in Europe by 2050 and in Germany by 2045



The challenge:

Actively managing with multiple variables in times of resource scarcity



The solution:

Comprehensive grid expansion, efficient operation & maintenance, ongoing innovation and digitalisation, system integration



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TenneTs contribution:

Creating a holistic system by integrating renewable energies, transmission and distribution grids at sea and on land, large industrial consumers and electrolysis projects



Scenario Framework (selected key figures) NEP 2037/2045 (2023)

	Status quo	NEP 2021 B 2040		NEP 2023 B 2045 (B 2037)	
Gross elec. consumption [TWh]	533	688,6	+60%	1.106 (961)	
Wind onshore [GW]	56,1	88,8	+80%	160,0 (158,2)	
Wind offshore [GW]	8,1	40,0	+75%	70,0 (58,5)	
Photovoltaics [GW]	59,3	125,8	+218%	400,0 (345,4)	
Battery storages [GW]	1,8	18,7	+654010	141,0 (91,1)	
Electrolyzers [GW]	<0,1	10,5	+316%	50,0 (26,0)	







TYNDP* 2022





*Ten Year Network Development Plan

Source: ENTSO-E



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NOVA

NOVA-Typ im NEP 2037 / 2045 (2023) gem. § 3 NABEG





Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

Our offshore projects until 2031 Offshore grid connections

Target Offhore Wind: 2030 30 GW 2035 40 GW 2045 70 GW

We already operate **19 offshore grid connections** in the Netherlands and Germany and four interconnectors across European borders. **With 20 new connections to come until 2031.**

Offshore Grid Expansion GER: 9 OWFs acc. FEP23 in 2029-2031 (6 TenneT) 12 new OWFs in 2032-2037 (4 TenneT) 8 new OWFs after 2037 (3 TenneT)

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Onshore: AC grid

- Over **1,100 km** already realized
- Around **610 km** approved or under construction
- Around **2,870 km** in the approval process
- Around **380 km** of additional projects from BBP 2022 before the approval process
- Over **2,500 km** of new projects from NEP 2023

Onshore: DC grid

- Around **1500 km** approved or under construction
- Around 2000 km of additional projects from BBP 2022 before the approval process
- Over 3000 km of new projects from NEP 2023

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Achievement of Climate Target





Offshore 2 GW GCS



2 GW DC Connection 80 – 230 km Length



Grid Reliability Full load hours 4500 h/a



Standard Design, TenneT offers to the market, Set European Standard, Accelerate Delivery

The approach:

Standardisation: 2 GW platforms from multiple providers	Cooperation: Framework agreement of € 30 billion for 14 converter stations with 2 GW each	
Predictability: Framework agreement for 7,000 km of DC cable for € 5.5 billion	Platform dimensions: approx. 106 x 77 x 41 m (top site) approx. 20,000 t approx. 90 x 40 m (jacket) approx. 8,000 – 10,000 t	P 22 Si Ja





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DC-Overlay Grid incl. DC-Substations





Cables



AC 380 kV + DC 525 kV



Quality Assurance (PQ), Laying Technology, Monitoring

Monitoring $\rightarrow AC$ Exte

→ AC Extension with Thermal Rating (DTS), Failure Monitoring, Health Monitoring





Onshore 380kV AC with Cable Sections



Onshore Grid Extension Overheadlines + Cable Section



Political Preference and Acceptance



Technical Challenges with transients, missing zero crossings, failure monitoring, DistributedTemperatureSensor (DTS/RTTR), reactive power compensation





Cable Section Station (CSS) w/wo compensation

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Possible Applications for HTSC Cable Systems



AC 380 kV + DC



Technology Development



Applications

→ Retrofit, OHL replacement, Generator Supply

- Increasing the transmission capacity of existing conventional point-to-point cable trays (Retrofit)
- Relocation of high-voltage overhead lines underground (as with conventional cable systems)
- Generator supply systems
- Relocation of industrial customer connections to HV grid substations
- High-performance HVDC energy transmission over long distances (future)





Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

Design of 380kV HTSC-Cable



Design of 380kV HTSC-Cable



Feasibility Study KIT, Prof. Noe et.al.



Example Intermediate Cable Sections for 380kV-OHL

- XLPE-Cable
 - Two parallel cables required per circuit per phase
 - 12 cables in total
 - Heat emission into the environment, sufficient cable spacing required
- HTSC-Cable
 - One cable required per circuit per phase
 - 6 cables in total
 - No heat emission into the environment, very close cable laying possible
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 Herausforderungen im Netzausbau



Stromkreis A



Option 1 - Teilerdverkabelung durch konventionelle Erdkabel mit 4 Systemen je 1,8 kA

Kabelübergabeanlage B

Kabelübergabeanlage A

Option 2 - Teilerdverkabelung durch supraleitende Kabel mit 2 Systemen je 3,6 kA





380kV AC Cable Sections with HTSC Technology



Design of 380kV HTSC-Cable



Feasibility Study KIT, Prof. Noe et.al.



Prequalification test is mandatory to achieve higher TRL level

- Advantages:
 - No System doubling necessary
 - Some kms transmission lengths possible with single sided cooling system
 - No thermal problems expected which is advantageous with regard to crossings

Disadvantages:

- High Invest
- Limited black start capability
- High OPEX
- Behaviour in short circuits
- Longer repair duration compared to XLPE cables



Substation System Optimisations



AC Load Flow Optimization



PST: Phase Shifting Transformers TCSC: Thyristor-controlled series capacitors



Main Data Würgau / Krempermarsch

Übersetzung: 410 / 410 kV Bemessungsstrom: 2000 A Leistuna: 1420 MVA Durch die direkte Parallelschaltung von 2 PST ergeben sich 4000 A bzw. 2840 MVA l eerlaufwinkel: + / - 24 Lastwinkel: + 16° / - 32° (der "Bremswinkel" wird bei Last größer) Anzahl der Stufen: +/- 32 Gesamtschallleistungspegel je PST; Ca. 103 dB(A) Leerlaufverluste: ca. 145 bis 280 kW je nach Stufe Lastverluste bei Bemessungsstrom: 1200 bis 2450 kW je nach Stufe Gesamtgewicht je PST: Ca. 950 t. davon ca. 230 m³ Öl

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Reduction of conventional Power Plants means loss of inertia



E-STATCOM will contribute to Reactive Power infeed and grid forming





Standard ratings for E-STATCOM of the German 4 TSO

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Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

Tennet

High Temperature Superconducting Fault Current Limiter



HTSC-FCL



Feasibility Study KIT, Prof. Noe & TH Cologne, Prof. Humpert



Bifilar HTSC Coils in measurement set-up

- Reasoning
 - In view of increasing short circuit currents (SCC) in our grid, the performance of AC circuit breakers come to a physical limit
- Mitigation
 - Substation Layout
 - Switching position (busbar connection)

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HTSC-FCL

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Copper sheet ring Height: 200 mm Diameter: 700 mm Distance to contact ring: 75 mm Voltage measurement at outputs of module 1 and 3 Feed-in and measurement of burst pulse at input of module 1 Burst generator Pulse rise time: 5 ns Pulse duration (50 %): 50 ns

3 modules in series with external contact rings and outer diameter of 550 mm

Direct voltage measurement between adjacent input and output windings



Preliminary Design Proposal 380kV



HTSC-FCL



Feasibility Study KIT, Prof. Noe & TH Cologne, Prof. Humpert



Pilot installation in preparation together with Siemens Energy, HSP and all four German TSO (Amprion, TransnetBW, 50Hertz and TenneT)

- Advantages:
 - Reduces short circuit currents of substations if SSC value exceeds 63 and 80 kA, respectively
 - HTSC FCL will be connected in series to short circuit breaker with no changes to substation
- Disadvantages:
 - High Invest / high OPEX
 - Limited black start capability

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 Longer repair time compared to conventional switchgear



One-phase HTSC-FCL vessel with bushings, length app. 15m



Future System Automation



Optimisation Load Flow Active n-1



Grid Booster ~ Virtual HVDC

Grid Booster





Line current vs. time





System Automation Emergency Power Control, Special Protection Scheme



Growing Asset Base and complexity of the new Assets Base needs System Automation

System Automation Generic concept



- Monitoring area: pre-contingency grid conditions (load flow, topology, generation level,...)
- Observation area: all contingency elements (CB status, line outages,...)
- Mitigation control area: action of system automatics (generation rejection, trigger EPCs, grid booster activation, load shedding, CB switching,...)





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Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

Decarbonization / Circularity



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Reduce CO₂ emissions



Invest in whole supply chain

We aim to reduce TenneT's scope 3 upstream CO2e emissions by 30% until 2030





Challenging targets to keep pace with climate protection



SF₆



Avoidance of Insulation Gas SF₆ Long-term goal GWP $\leq 1!$



Components



Worlds 1st SF₆-free 380kV Gas-Insulated Switchgear (Erzhausen)



Pilot Installations for Current and Voltage Transformers, Circuit Breaker -> Standard

From Lagging to Leading TenneT's new leading SF₆-KPI until 2030

The share of SF₆ free assets shall at least be 2/3 in new assets by 2030.

Year				
Voltage level	2022	2025	2028	2030
110/150 kV	40 %*	50 %*	67 %*	90 %*
220/380 kV	5 %*	33 %*	40 %*	67 %*

* % of the new to build assets that will be with alternative gases. Percentage from the knowledge of current share of IT, CB and GIS in our installed asset base.

■ The SF₆-leakage rate for all installed assets shall be ≤ 0.28 %

The targets will yearly be reviewed based on market and project developments.



synthetic air breaker



245 kV Current

Transformer

Pilotinstallations@TenneT

Gas Mixture used	U _m	Application	Number of Equipment / bays	In service since or planed
Synthetic Air	245 kV	Voltage Transformer	3 pcs.	2019
Synthetic Air	420 kV	Voltage Transformer	6 pcs.	2021
Synthetic Air	420 kV	Voltage Transformer	12 pcs.	2022
Novec 4710 gas mixture	245 kV	Current Transformer	6 pcs.	2016
N ₂	320 kV	RC-Voltage Divider in HVDC	4 pcs.	2008
N ₂	320 kV	RC-Voltage Divider in HVDC	4 pcs.	2011
N ₂	320 kV	RC-Voltage Divider in HVDC	4 pcs.	2013
Synthetic Air	145 kV	GIS; Offshore Grid connection System; 72,5 kV system	19 bays	2026
Novec 4710 gas mixture	420 kV	GIS bus duct (GIL)	1 bay	2022
Synthetic Air	145 kV	Circuit Breaker; 30 kV system	1 bay	2019
CO ₂	145 kV	Circuit Breaker	1 bay	2021



Summary

- Offshore:
 - In operation 2023 (10 GW): 9 Offshore HVDC's, 5 Offshore AC's NL, 3 direct AC's
 - New built till 2031 (> 34 GW): numerous Off- and Onshore HVDC's, 4 Offshore HVAC's
- Onshore
 - Grid Enforcement requires a bundle of measures to catch up with future demands
- Evolution of the Transmission Grid must take benefit of proven and new technologies especially with regard to development of a DC Multiterminal Grid and innovative HTSC technology
- Strong partnership with scientific entities and reputable suppliers is highly appreciated to cope with future demands



TenneT is a leading European grid operator. We are committed to providing a secure and reliable supply of electricity 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, while helping to drive the energy transition in our pursuit of a brighter energy future – more sustainable, reliable and affordable than ever before. In our role as the first cross-border Transmission System Operator (TSO) we design, build, maintain and operate 23,900 km of high-voltage electricity grid in the Netherlands and large parts of Germany, and facilitate the European energy market through our 16 interconnectors to neighbouring countries. We are one of the largest investors in national and international onshore and offshore electricity grids, with a turnover of EUR 4.5 billion and a total asset value of EUR 27 billion. Every day our 5,700 employees take ownership, show courage and make and maintain connections to ensure that the supply and demand of electricity is balanced for over 42 million people.

Herausforderungen im Netzausbau

Lighting the way ahead together.

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